

SOLAPUR UNIVERSITY, SOLAPUR



FACULTY OF LAW

Syllabus for

Third & Fourth Semesters of B.A. LL.B II Year

Course

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

With effect from June: 2017-18

B.A. LL.B. II DEGREE COURSE STRUCTURE**B.A.LL.B. PART II SEMESTER-III & IV (W.E.F.2017-2018)**

Sr. No	COURSE AND PAPER NO	SUBJECT	LECTURES	CREDITS	Total Marks	Duration of Exam.
					Ext +Int =Total	
7	FOUNDATION-III	Economics-II	6	6	70+30=100	2.30 Hrs.
8	CORE AND COMPULSORY-V	Political Science- III (International Relations and Organizations)	6	6	70+30=100	2.30 Hrs.
9	CORE AND COMPULSORY-VI	Political Science-IV (Western Political Thought)	6	6	70+30=100	2.30 Hrs.
SEMESTER IV						
10	FOUNDATION-IV	English –II	6	6	70+30=100	2.30 Hrs.
11	CORE AND COMPULSORY-VII	Political Science-V (Indian Political Thinkers)	6	6	70+30=100	2.30 Hrs.
12	CORE AND COMPULSORY-VIII	Sociology-II	6	6	70+30=100	2.30 Hrs.

SOLAPUR UNIVERSITY, SOLAPUR
SYLLABUS FOR II YEAR OF B.A.LL.B DEGREE COURSE
SEMESTER III
PAPER-VII FOUNDATION-III
ECONOMICS-II

Credits: Theory-(6)

Objectives of the course :-

The economics is a very important branch of Indian society. The paper on Indian Economics highlights important aspects of economy in India. This paper is split in to many chapters of Indian Economics.

The units incorporated in this paper would enable the students to know about theories of population, National income, poverty, Employment, regulation and control of private company, small and large scale industries, Labour productivity, foreign trade, taxation, import export etc.

The paper entitled Indian Economics is designed to make an undergraduate students aware of the basic theoretical framework underline the field of Indian economics. This paper is essential for the students who aspires for advanced training in economics.

Total Theory Lectures-80

Unit No :

- | | |
|---|--------------------|
| 1. Indian population problem: Causes and consequences of over population in India – Population policy of India. | 5 Lectures |
| 2. Trends and characteristics of national income in India - Concepts of poverty and poverty line – Causes and remedies of poverty in India –Nature and cause of employment- various schemes and suggestions to reduce unemployment in India. | 10 Lectures |
| 3. Role of small scale industries in India – Problems of small scale Industries- schemes and suggestions to encourage small scale industries – Industrial state | 8 Lectures |
| 4. Large scale Industries – Progress and problems of cotton textile industry, Sugar Industry, and Iron & steel industry, Industrial policy resolution. | 10 Lectures |
| 5. Regulation of private corporate section (Controls, licensing and quota systems) Control of monopolies and restrictive practices in India. | 5 Lectures |
| 6. Causes of Low labour productivity in India – objectives of legislation relating to wages, trade unions, labour welfare and social security – causes of industrial disputes, prevention and settlement of industrial dispute by conciliation and arbitration of Industrial disputes- workers participation schemes. | 10 Lectures |

- | | |
|--|-------------------|
| 7. Foreign investment in India – Foreign aid, Foreign assistance and Foreign Collaboration – Scope and Role in the development of India, Multinational co-operations, curse or boon. | 8 Lectures |
| 8. Progress and problems of various land reforms in India. Need for commercialization of Agriculture, Integrated Agriculture and credit – Green revolution. | 8 Lectures |
| 9. India's Import & Export policy – Components and directions of India's foreign trade, Trade co-operation with developed-developing countries. | 8 Lectures |
| 10. Financial Federalism under Indian constitution – Central- State financial relationship – The Finance commission – Direct and indirect Taxation in India. | 8 Lectures |

Recommended Books

1. Indian Economic Issues and Policies: H. L. Bhatia (Vikas Pub. Delhi)
2. Indian Economics: A. N. Agarwala (Vikas Pub. Delhi)
3. Indian Economics: Rudder Dutt & Sundaram (S. Chand Pub. Delhi)
4. Poverty in India: V. N. Dandekar & N. Rath (Indian School of Political, Economics, Poona)
5. Economic Planning and Policy: Desai- Bhalerao (Himalaya pub. Bombay)
6. Economic Development of India: V. S. Mahajan (Deep & Deep Pub. New Delhi)
7. Finance Commission and Centre – State Financial Relations (Ashish Pub. Delhi)

**PAPER-VIII CORE AND COMPULSORY-V
POLITICAL SCIENCE-III
(INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS AND ORGANIZATIONS)
Credits: Theory-(6)**

Objectives of the course :-

International Relation is an academic and a public policy field and so can be positive and narrative. Because it analysis and formulates the formation of policy of a given state. Every state attempts to protect its national interest therefore the conflict arises between the states. This paper is prescribed for law students in order to understand the basic concept such as world community, National Interest, Diplomacy, war, Balance of power, International Law, it is essential to know these concept for understanding the world conflict.

Total Theory Lectures-80

Unit No :

- | | |
|--|-------------------|
| 1. The World Community : Meaning
1.1. Sovereign States : a) Imperialism b) Colonialism
1.2. Transactional Political parties, Transactional non official Organization such as the Churches, Multinational corporations, Scientific Cultural and other organization. | 8 Lectures |
| 2. Components of National power, population, Geography resources, Economic organization, Technology and Military Force | 6 Lectures |
| 3. Limitation of National power, International morality, public opinion and International Law. | 4 Lectures |
| 4. War: meaning and types of war, achievements of wars, consequences of War, Fear of Violence and destruction, war with conventional and nuclear weapon, major sources of conflict: East and West and North and South Rivalries, territorial, claims, resources population migration, International trade, Balance of payment and protectionism | 8 Lectures |
| 5. International alliances
Avoidance of war and facilitation of peaceful change.
Alliances and
Balance of power approach. Collective Security and disarmament
Diplomacy:
Negotiations by peaceful means
(Peaceful) resolution of conflicts
Moderation
Conciliation
Resources of International Organization, Arbitration and judicial settlement | 8 Lectures |

6.	Inter-Governmental Organization and their constituent instruments. Standard pattern of Organization The annual or periodical plenary conference, the Committee or Council to take Action during the period between the plenary conferences	6 Lectures
7.	United Nations and its principal Organizations :	18 Lectures
8.	The special features of the I.L.O. and International financial institution.	2 Lectures
9.	The United Nations and regional organization.	4 Lectures
10.	Specialized Agencies and international non-Governmental organization. The Cultural Approaches and the UNESCO. Protection of International Co-operation and the functional approach the specialized agencies.	10 Lectures
11.	The case for or against world Government :	6 Lectures

Recommended Books:

1. International Relations –by Palmer & Perkins, Chapter 2,3,4,9,10,13,14
2. International Politics – A Framework for analysis-K. J. Holesti. Chapter 1 to 4 and 9 to 14

Reference Books

1. International Relations – Dr. Shrivastava and Joshi
2. International Institutions by D. W. Bowett
3. Politic's Among Nations by H.J. Morgenthau.

**PAPER-IX CORE AND COMPULSORY-VI
POLITICAL SCIENCE –IV
(WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT)
Credits: Theory-(6)**

Objectives of the course : –

Political thought is the study of question relating to state, rights, Justice, Liberty, Equality, Power, authority, and legitimacy. The western political thinkers from Socrates to John Rawls explained this concept. Various theories of jurisprudence are based on the thinking of western political thought. The course of western political thought is introduced for law course as it is useful for understanding the basic concept developed by western political thinkers.

Total Theory Lectures-80

Unit No :

- | | | |
|-----------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| 1) | Plato | 10 Lectures |
| | i) Ideal State | |
| | ii) Justice | |
| | iii) Education | |
| 2) | Aristotle | 10 Lectures |
| | i) State | |
| | ii) Citizenship | |
| | iii) Revolution | |
| 3) | Machiavelli | 10 Lectures |
| | i) Human Nature | |
| | ii) Role of King | |
| | iii) Politics and Morality | |
| 4) | Rousseau | 10 Lectures |
| | i) Social Contract | |
| | ii) General Will | |
| | iii) Concept of Sovereignty | |
| 5) | Hegel | 10 Lectures |
| | i) Dialectics | |
| | ii) State | |
| | iii) Civil Society | |

- 6) Karl marx 10 Lectures**
- i) Historical Materialism
 - ii) Theory of Surplus Value
 - iii) State
- 7) J S Mill 10 Lectures**
- i) Liberty
 - ii) Utilitarianism
 - iii) Representative Government
- 8) Harold Laski 10 Lectures**
- i) Pluralistic Theory of Sovereignty
 - ii) Liberty and equality
 - iii) Democratic Socialism

Reference Books : -

- 1) George H Sabine – A History of Political Theory George G Harrap and Company Ltd.
- 2) Francis W Coker – Recent political thought The World press Pvt Ltd.
- 3) Suda J P – History of political thought
- 4) V D Mahajan and R R Sethi – Recent political thought
- 5) Brian R Nelson – Western political thought Dorling Kindersley (India) licenseas of Pearson Education in south Asia

SEMESTER IV
PAPER-IX FOUNDATION-IV
ENGLISH –II
Credits: Theory-(6)

Objectives of the course :-

The Current syllabus is designed to meet the requirements of the students of undergoing five years BALLB course. The main purpose of syllabus is to acquaint them with basic sentence structure based on its grammar and usage. The chapters like preposition and modal auxiliary are helpful in writing correct English. The chapters like compound and complex sentence (synthesis) and conditional sentence are useful to understand and comprehend thoroughly. The section of composition covers the chapters like formal correspondence, translation from English to regional language, drafting reports, précis writing these chapters develop the student's capacity to present their perspective in their own language. The chapter like idioms and phrases are useful for pragmatic meaning in English language. Every subject has its own terminology, Legal terms is the vocabulary that fulfill the skill in writing legal language.

Total Theory Lectures-80

Unit No :-

1. Reading Comprehension	8 Lectures
2. Essay writing on topics of legal interest	7 Lectures
3. Formal Correspondence	4 Lectures
4. Translation From English to the regional language	10 Lectures
5. Grammar and Usages	20 Lectures
5.1. Reported Speech	
5.2. Question tag and short responses	
5.3. Modal Auxiliary verbs (Do, Does, Did, Shall, Should, Have, Must, Needn't, Ought, Can, Could, May, Might, Used to etc.)	
5.4. Prepositions (to, at, in, into, on, upon, etc.)	
5.5. Conditional Tenses	
6. Précis Writing	5 Lectures
7. Drafting reports	5 Lectures
8. Translation from regional language into English	8 Lectures
9. Use of legal terms and idiomatic expressions	5 Lectures
10. Grammar and Usage	8 Lectures
10.1. Complex and Compound sentences	
10.2. Moods, Conditional Tenses Chapter from A Practical English Grammar by Thomson and Martine	

Select Bibliography : -

1. A Handbook of English Grammar by R.W. Zandvoort - The English Language book Society
2. Grammar and Composition , a Senior Course by C.A. Sheppard, David Reid
3. The New English Grammar -R.A. Close
4. A Practical English Grammar – A. J. Thomson and Martine (Oxford University Press with Exercises Part I and Part II ELBS)
5. A Guide to Correct English- L.A. Hill (Oxford University Press ELBS)
6. Collocational Grammar of English (Any edition)

**PAPER-XI CORE AND COMPULSORY-VII
POLITICAL SCIENCE- V
(INDIAN POLITICAL THINKERS)
Credits: Theory-(6)**

Objectives of the course : -

Indian Political thinkers from ancient times have examined the political life in India. The most of modern Indian political thinkers have been influenced by the western political thought but they explained the concept such as state, right, liberty, justice, equality, power, authority, legitimacy, taking in to account the Indian situation. Therefore the course Indian political thinker is prescribed for law students for understanding these concepts enshrined in the basic law of country.

Total Theory Lectures-80

Unit No:

- | | |
|---|--------------------|
| 1. Introduction | 3 Lectures |
| 2. Kautilya | 7 Lectures |
| 2.1 Nature of State, <i>Saptang</i> theory of State | |
| 2.2 King and his administration, Council of Ministers, Judiciary: Nature & Role | |
| 2.3 Geo-Political model and <i>mandal</i> theory | |
| 2.4 Religion, political and morality | |
| 3. Mahadev Govind Ranade | 10 Lectures |
| 3.1 Ideas of social reforms and its methods | |
| 3.2 Ways or techniques of reformation | |
| 3.3 Political thoughts | |
| 3.4 Economic thoughts | |
| 4. Bal Gangadhar Tilak | 10 Lectures |
| 4.1 Social reforms | |
| 4.2 Four-fold Programme | |
| 4.3 Nationalism | |

- 5. Mohandas Karamchand Gandhiji** **10 Lectures**
 5.1 *Satya, Ahimsa* (Non-Violence), Ideal Society and Non-Violence)
 5.2 *Satyagraha* and its techniques
 5.3 Concept of *Swaraj, Hind Swaraj* and Indian Home Rule, *Gramraj* and Stateless Society
 5.4 Theory of Trusteeship
- 6. Jawaharlal Nehru** **10 Lectures**
 6.1 Work as a Nation Builder
 6.2 Secular Nationalism
 6.3 Democratic Socialism
 6.4 Non-alignment and *Panchsheela*
- 7. M. N. Roy** **10 Lectures**
 7.1 Karl Marx and M. N. Roy
 7.2 Criticism of Marxism
 7.3 Radical Democracy
 7.4 New Humanism
- 8 Dr. B. R. Ambedkar** **10 Lectures**
 8.1 Political System and Government
 8.2 Criticism of caste System
 8.3 Social Democracy and Social Justice
 8.4 Dr. B.R. Ambedkar and Nationalism
 8.5 Socialism
- 9 Ram Manohar Lohia** **10 Lectures**
 9.1 Social and Political Thoughts
 9.2 Language Problems and Solution
 9.3 Theory of History
 9.4 Democratic Socialism
 9.5 State of Four Pillars
 9.6 Theory of Seven Revolutions

Select Bibliography

- 1) Dr. A.S. Alatekar :- The State and Government in Ancient India
- 2) Dr. Shamsastri :- Kautilya's Arthshastra
- 3) V. P. Varma :- Modern Indian Political Thought
- 4) K. Damodarian :- Indian Thought
- 5) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar :- Writings and Speeches of Dr. Ambedkar Vol. 1 to 5

PAPER-XII CORE AND COMPULSORY-VIII
SOCIOLOGY-II
Credits: Theory-(6)

Objectives of the course :-

The Study of Indian Social Problems is very important and essentials for the students. Because no society is free from social problems in the world and after getting the knowledge of Indian social problems then the students will get the information which will be essential for the course as nature of crimes its causes and the ways of to solve the problems as well as objectives of punishment, its kinds and its various theories of punishments and also problems of women, challenged groups explosiveness of population and control growth of population, unemployment, poverty, environmental and communication problems, linguist, regional terrarium problems which our country facing. Therefore to know these problems and its causes and how it can be remove.

Unit No:	Total Theory Lectures-80
1) Indian Social Problems: 1.1 Nature of Social Problems.	6 Lectures
2) Problems of Crime 2.1. Nature and types of Crime 2.2. Causes of Crime 2.3. Extent of crime in India.	10 Lectures
3) Prevention of Crime 3.1. Theories of Punishment 3.2. Rehabilitation of Criminals.	8 Lectures
4) Problems of Juvenile Delinquents. 4.1. Nature of Juvenile Delinquency. 4.2. Causes of Juvenile Delinquency 4.3. Rehabilitation of Juvenile Delinquency 4.4. Human Engineering:- 4.4.1. Human engineering during childhood. (In family and school) 4.4.2. Human engineering during youth. (In colleges and other Institutions)	8 Lectures
5) Population problems. 5.1) Nature of population in India 5.2) Population growth and its causes 5.3) Population Policy	8 Lectures

6) General Societal Problems **8 Lectures**

- 6.1)Poverty
- 6.2)Unemployment
- 6.3)Ill-health
- 6.4)Housing
- 6.5)Illiteracy and Education

7) Problems of Urban life **8 Lectures**

- 7.1)Rural Urban Migration
- 7.2)Problems of Urbanization
- 7.3)Urban Planning

8) Problems of Women **8 Lectures**

- 8.1) Status of Women in wider society
- 8.2)Marital Problems (Dowry, Divorce etc.)
- 8.3)Immoral traffic

9) New Millennium Problems. **8 Lectures**

- 9.1) Communication Media – Crimes.
- 9.2) Environmental Problems

10) Problems of challenged groups . **8 Lectures**

- 10.1)Orthopaedically, Mentally,Visually and Hearing Impaired persons.
- 10.2)Rehabilitation of Disableds.
- 10.3) Problems of Orphan Children, Old age Persons and Destitute Women.
- 10.4)Welfare of Orphan Children, Old age Persons and Destitute Women.
- 10.5)Child Labour

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:-

1. Indian Social Problems – Madan G. R.
2. Social disorganization and social Problems in India-Memoria, Colberts and Kastler
3. Social Problems : Colberts & Kastler
4. Population by Agrawal S. N.
5. Facts of crime in India – Venugopalrao S.
6. Indian Law of Marriage and Divorce- Desai Kumud.

REFERENCES BOOKS :-

- 1) Womens' Rights – Antony M. J. chapters 8,9,11&17
- 2) Indian Women – Nanda B.R.
- 3) Status of women in India: - A synopsis of report of National Committee, I.C.S.S.R.
- 4) Social Legislation:- Its role in social welfare Issued on behalf of the planning commission Govt. of India (1956 publication)
- 5) Poverty in India – Dandekar V. M. & Raut N.
- 6) Health Services in India - Mahajan B. K.
- 7) Housing Growth in India – Sinha D. B.
- 8) Policy and performance in Indian Education: Naik J. P.
- 9) Law and poverty : Baxi Upendra
- 10) Status and Employment of Women in India: Lalita Devi U.

Equivalent Subjects for Old Syllabus
Second year of 05 years B.A. LL.B Course (w.e.f. 2018-19)

III Semester

S. No.	Name of the Old Paper	Name of the New Paper
1	Economics-II (Minor Subject)	Economics-II
2	Political Science- IV (Major Subject) International Relations and Organization	Political Science- III (International Relations and Organizations)
3	Political Science-V(Major Subject) Political and Legal Reforms in India.	Political Science-IV (Western Political Thought)

IV Semester

S. No.	Name of the Old Paper	Name of the New Paper
1	English (Compulsory Subject)	English –II
2	Political Science-VI (Major Subject) Indian Political Thinkers	Political Science-V (Indian Political Thinkers)
3	Sociology-II (Minor Subject)	Sociology-II